splunk>

The Splunk Derp Gun Automating Splunk deployments in the Cloud with Ansible and Terraform Robert Johansson – Timothy Mahoney Securelink Sweden AB





About us:

- SecureLink Malmö
- Managed SIEM Team
- Book release 2020/04/01

A book filled with good intentions.





Broken Pipe Edition



Robert & Timothy





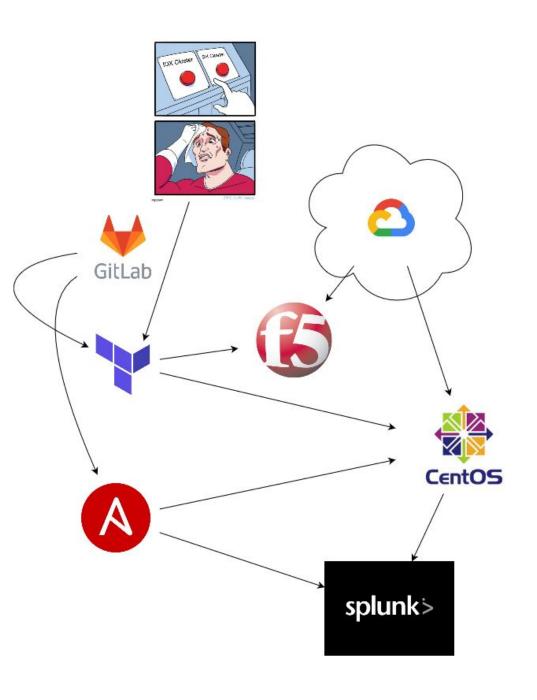
A little background:

- Build a Splunk environment in GCP
- Be lazy, automate as much as possible
- Create "single button" deployment.





The plan:







What is a "Derp Gun"

•In Online Gaming - A gun that causes a lot of damage with one shot *urbandictionary.com

•In this context a Derp Gun is a "one shot" Splunk deployment.





Provisioning with a Derp Gun in GCP

- Streamline Provisioning of New Resources in GCP
- Automate complicated setups such as Load Balancers
- Rapidly provision hosts, disk, network infrastructure







Configuration with a Derp Gun in GCP

- Automate configuration of Splunk hosts by role.
- Maintain configurations as repos in Git.
- Allow for new Splunk hosts to be configured as quickly as they can be provisioned.
- Maintain consistent configurations across the entire deployment.





The Tools of the Trade

- GCP Console
- Ansible AWX
- Terraform
- Gitlab
- Vault



Obviously: Cloud Infrastructure

• IAM

• Autoscaling of Instance Groups



Google Cloud



- Create infrastructure as code
- Providers and Resources
- Available by default in GCP
- Works with Azure, AWS, AliCloud, etc
- Idempotent
- Can be used with anything that has an API: SignalFX, Dominos Pizza, etc

Terraform





- Perform Automated Tasks
- Configuration of Hosts
- Deployment of Apps, Indexes

Ansible



ANSIBLE





- Store configurations used by Terraform and Ansible
- Revision Control
- Collaboration
- CI/CD
- More Dev/Ops buzzwords..

Gitlab, Github, etc







Vault

- Stores secrets
- Works with Terraform, Ansible
- Token based access
- Intgrates with Cloud KMS, IAM
- Can act as a Certificate Authority
- Can perform encryption services

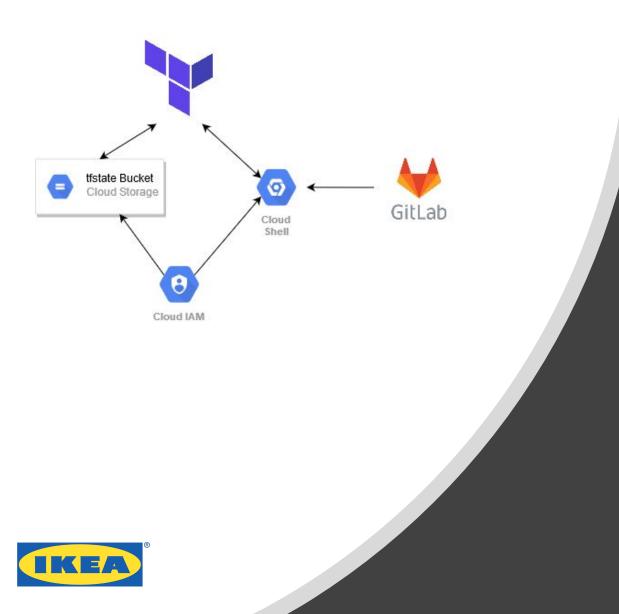
Setting up a Terraform Environment

• Use bucket storage to allow tfstate to be shared

- Enable versioning on the bucket to retain backups of the state file in case of corruption
- Use a cloud ACL to limit access to the state file
- Bucket is accessible from the cloud shell
- Bucket provides state locking







Simple Terraform Example: State Bucket

terraform {
 backend "gcs" {
 bucket = "ikea-splunk-prod-tf-state-bucket"
 prefix = "terraform/tfstate"
 }



Start with a sturdy bucket.

- Bucket to store tfstate file
- Keep last 50 versions of the file
- ACL to protect access



```
provider "google" {
 // Credentials not needed as this tf is run from a cloud shell with Terraform.
 project = "${var.provider project}"
         = "${var.provider region}"
 region
           = "${var.splunk gcp zone}"
  zone
resource "google_storage_bucket" "ikea-splunk-gcp-tf-state" {
          = "${format("%s","${var.provider_project}-tf-state-bucket")}"
  name
 versioning {
    enabled = "true"
  location = "eu"
 force destroy = "true"
 lifecycle rule {
   action {
```

// GCP Provider Config

type = "Delete"

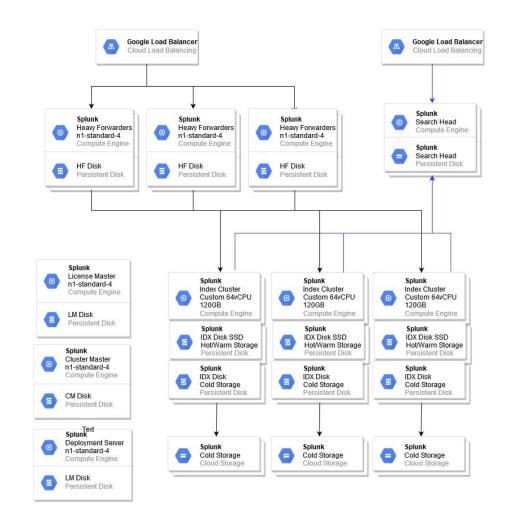
NumberOfNewerVersions = "50"

condition {

```
resource "google_storage_bucket_acl" "image-store-acl" {
    bucket = "${google_storage_bucket.ikea-splunk-gcp-tf-state.name}"
    predefined_acl = "projectprivate"
```



Provisioning the Needed Resources









Terraforming a Single Host

- Variables declared in tfvars file
- Tags are used by other resources such as load balancers, instance groups and firewalls
- Labels are used by Ansible
- Boot disk is created by default, destroyed if the host is changed.

```
= "${var.indexer count}"
count
              = "${format("%s","idx${count.index}-${var.cluster_name}-gcp-${var.region}")}"
name
machine_type = "${var.index_machine_type}"
             = [ "${var.cluster_name}", "index", "ssh"]
tags
labels = {
  environment = "${var.cluster name}"
  function
             = "idx"
  ansible_group = "splunk_${var.cluster_name}_idx"
 splunk group = "splunk ${var.cluster name}"
boot disk {
 initialize params {
    image = "${var.index_image}"
    type = "${var.index disk type}"
```

resource "google_compute_instance" "indexer" {





Provisioning Storage

- Disks for Splunk, Warm and Cold
- Persistent Disks are not destroyed by host changes.
- Disks can be increased in size and filesystems resized with Ansible
- Prevent_destroy lifecycle function doesn't really work as expected.

```
// Index Splunk
resource "google compute disk" "idx-hot-warm-disk" {
  count = "${var.indexer count}"
  name = "${format("idx${count.index}-${var.cluster_name}-gcp-${var.region}-warm")}"
  type = "${var.index_hot_warm_disk_type}"
  size = "${var.index hot warm disk size}"
  labels
           = {
    environment = "splunk"
  physical_block_size_bytes = 4096
  lifecycle {
      prevent destroy = true
// Index Cold
resource "google compute disk" "idx-cold-disk" {
  count = "${var.indexer count}"
  name = "${format("idx${count.index}-${var.cluster_name}-gcp-${var.region}-cold")}"
  type = "${var.index_cold_disk_type}"
  size = "${var.index cold disk size}"
  labels = {
    environment = "splunk"
  physical_block_size_bytes = 4096
  lifecycle {
      prevent destroy = true
```





Attaching Provisioned Disks

- Declared in compute resource.
- Name declared in configuration is also visible in /dev/disk/by-id/

```
boot disk {
 initialize_params {
   image = "${var.index image}"
   type = "${var.index disk type}"
attached disk {
              = "${format("idx${count.index}-${var.cluster_name}-gcp-${var.region}")}-splunk"
  source
 device name = "${format("idx${count.index}-${var.cluster name}-gcp-${var.region}")}-splunk"
attached disk {
              = "${format("idx${count.index}-${var.cluster_name}-gcp-${var.region}")}-warm"
  source
 device name = "${format("idx${count.index}-${var.cluster_name}-gcp-${var.region}")}-warm"
attached disk {
              = "${format("idx${count.index}-${var.cluster name}-gcp-${var.region}")}-cold"
  source
 device_name = "${format("idx${count.index}-${var.cluster_name}-gcp-${var.region}")}-cold"
```





Compute Host Network Settings

- Public and Private subnets and interfaces
- Public IPs use NAT
- Firewall rules set globally upstream

```
network_interface {
  subnetwork = "${var.pub_subnetwork}"
  access_config {
    nat_ip = "${google_compute_address.static[count.index].address}"
  }
}
network_interface {
  subnetwork = "${var.pri_subnetwork}"
  access_config {
  }
}
```





Using Modules to **Create Clusters**

- Variables declared in Module
- Module is a subfolder of the project
- Indexer_count builds number of hosts

// Index Clusters

module "alpha index cluster" {

- source project region cluster name indexer count //index machine type index machine type index image index disk type index disk size index hot warm disk type = "pd-ssd" index hot warm disk size = "50" index_cold_disk_type index cold disk size cm machine_type cm image cm_disk_type cm disk size pub subnetwork pri subnetwork create cm splunk disk type splunk_disk_size dns name dmz dns name int managed zone dmz managed zone int num reserved ips
 - = "./modules/index cluster"
 - = "\${var.provider project}"
 - = "\${var.provider region}"
 - = "alpha"
 - = "3"
 - = "custom-64-122880"
 - = "n1-standard-2"
 - = "gce-uefi-images/centos-7"
 - = "pd-ssd"
 - = "30"

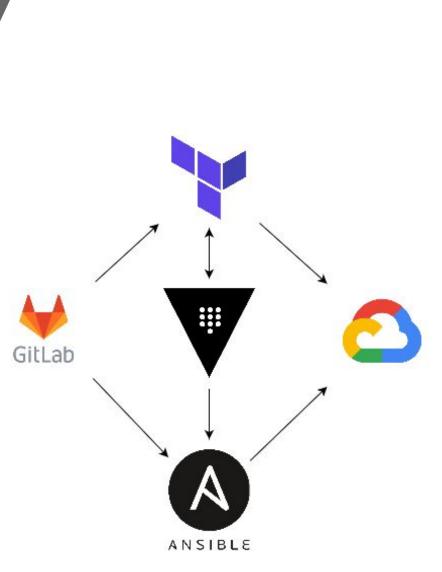
 - - = "pd-standard"
 - = "50"
 - = "n1-standard-2"
 - = "gce-uefi-images/centos-7"
 - = "pd-ssd"
 - = "30"
 - = "\${google compute subnetwork.public subnet.name}"
 - = "\${google_compute_subnetwork.private_subnet.name}"
 - = "1"
 - = "pd-ssd"
 - = "30"
 - = "\${google dns managed zone.ikea-splunk-prod.dns name}"
 - = "\${google dns managed zone.ikea-splunk-prod-int.dns name}"
 - = "\${google_dns_managed_zone.ikea-splunk-prod.name}"
 - = "\${google dns managed zone.ikea-splunk-prod-int.name}"
 - = 32





Workflow with Vault

- Gitlab Configuration
- Vault Secrets
- Terraform Provisioning
- Ansible Configuration







Generate Secrets

- Generate Splunk Secrets
- Easily done in Terraform
- Don't ask about randomness

```
// Generate Vault Secrets
```

```
resource "random_password" "discover_pass4SymmKey" {
    length = 64
    special = true
    override_special = "./"
}
resource "random_password" "pass4SymmKey" {
    length = 64
    special = true
    override_special = "./"
}
resource "random_password" "admin_passwd" {
    length = 64
    special = true
    override_special = "./"
}
```





Store Secrets in Vault

- Write config data to Vault
- Used later by Ansible for configuration
- Minimize configuration required to build a new Splunk cluster.

resource "vault_generic_secret" "index_cluster_vault" {
 path = "/secret/splunk/\${var.cluster_name}"

data_json = <<EOT

"splunk_cluster_discovery_pass4SymmKey": "\${random_password.discover_pass4SymmKey.result}", "splunk_cluster_pass4SymmKey": "\${random_password.pass4SymmKey.result}", "splunk_cluster_sslPassword": "\${data.vault_generic_secret.sslPassword.data["sslPassword"]}", "splunk_current_admin_password": "changeme", "splunk_default_admin_password": "\${random_password.admin_passwd.result}", "splunk_default_admin_password": "\${random_password.admin_passwd.result}", "splunk_ds": "\${var.ds_name}", "splunk_hf_label": "\${var.cluster_name}", "splunk_ixc_label": "\${var.cluster_name}", "splunk_imaster_ip": "\${google_dns_record_set.cm-int.0.name}", "splunk_old_admin_password": "changme", "splunk_serverCertName": "splunkmanagementdata.v4.pem", "splunk_sslRootCAPathName": "IKEA-CA-bundle.v4.pem"

EOT



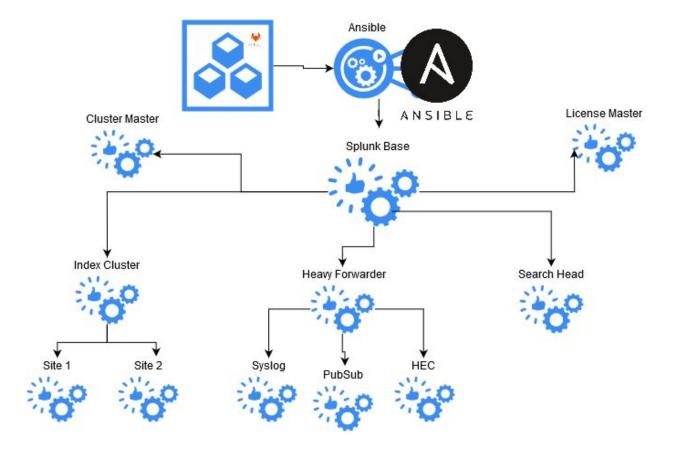


GREAT PITCH, AMAZING PRODUCT

HMOUT

quickmeme.com

Ansible Workflow







Ansible Playbooks

- Uses Labels in GCP set by Terraform
- Applies to Roles in Ansible



```
----
     # Configure all splunk nodes with common configuration
     - name: Setup base config on Splunk servers
       hosts: "{{ servers | default('splunk_alpha') }}"
 4
       roles:
         - { role: common, tags: ['common', 'common-base'] }
 6
         - { role: splunk-base, tags: ['splunk-base', 'common-base'] }
 8
    # Configure the Cluster Master
 9
     - name: Setup config on Splunk Cluster Master
       hosts: "{{ cm_servers | default('splunk_alpha_cm') }}"
11
12
       roles:
         - { role: splunk-cluster-master, tags: splunk-cluster-master }
         - { role: splunk-web-interface, tags: splunk-web-interface }
14
15
     # Add the Peer Nodes to the cluster
     - name: Setup config on Splunk Peer Nodes
17
       hosts: "{{ idx servers | default('splunk alpha idx') }}"
       roles:
20
         - { role: splunk-peer-nodes, tags: splunk-peer-nodes }
22
     # Install Heavy Forwarder for Adapters
     - name: Heavy Forwarder for Adapters
23
       hosts: "{{ hf_adapter_servers | default('splunk_alpha_hf_adapter') }}"
24
25
       roles:
         - { role: splunk-heavy-forwarder, tags: splunk-heavy-forwarder }
26
27
         - { role: splunk-heavy-forwarder-adapter, tags: splunk-heavy-forwarder-adapter }
         - { role: splunk-web-interface, tags: splunk-web-interface }
28
29
     # Install Heavy Forwarder for UF trafic
31
     - name: Heavy Forwarder for traffic to 9997 config
       hosts: "{{ hf_9997_servers | default('splunk_alpha_hf_ir') }}"
32
       roles:
34
         - { role: splunk-heavy-forwarder, tags: splunk-heavy-forwarder }
         - { role: splunk-heavy-forwarder-9997, tags: splunk-heavy-forwarder-9997 }
     # Install Heavy Forwarder HEC
     - name: Heavy Forwarder HEC config
       hosts: "{{ hf_hec_servers | default('splunk_alpha_hf_hec') }}"
40
       roles:
         - { role: splunk-heavy-forwarder, tags: splunk-heavy-forwarder }
41
         - { role: splunk-heavy-forwarder-hec, tags: splunk-heavy-forwarder-hec }
42
```

Ansible Roles



Name

...

cluster-uninstall/tasks

common/tasks

🖿 git

🖿 splunk-base

splunk-cluster-master

- splunk-deployment-server
- splunk-heavy-forwarder
- splunk-heavy-forwarder-9997
- splunk-heavy-forwarder-adapter
- splunk-heavy-forwarder-hec
- splunk-license-master
- splunk-peer-nodes
- splunk-web-interface



Variables and Secrets

- 2 # Override default values
- # Specific configuration for global staging
- deploy_stage: "alpha"
- # Packages
- 7 # Use wget to grab the latest package from splunk.com
- 8 # Place file in roles folder under -> splunk-base/files
- 9 splunk_package_file: 'splunk-7.2.4-8a94541dcfac.x86_64.rpm'
- 10 splunk_version: '7.2.4'
- 11 splunk_base: '/opt/splunk'
- 12 splunk_vg_name: vg_splunk
- 13 splunk_lv_name: lv_splunk
- 14 file_system: xfs
- 15
- 16 # Set mountpoints for buckets
- 17 idx_warm_path: "{{ splunk_base }}/var/lib/splunk"
- 18 idx_cold_path: "{{ splunk_base }}/var/lib/splunk/cold"
- 19 warm_vg_name: vg_warm
- 20 warm_lv_name: lv_warm
- 21 cold_vg_name: vg_cold
- 22 cold_lv_name: lv_cold
- 23
- 24 # Use multisite or single site cluster config
- 25 #splunk_cluster_pass4SymmKey: 'located in secrets file'
- 26 use_multisite_config: "false" #set to false when not using
- 27
- 28 # Multisite config options
- 29 site: "site0"
- 30 cluster_label: "alpha_Cluster"
- 31 search_site: "site0"
- 32 available_sites: "site0"

29 alpha:

- 30 splunk_ixc_label: "alpha"
- 31 splunk_hf_label: "alpha"
- 32 splunk_master_ip: "cm-alpha-gcp-europe-west1.ikea-splunk-prod.int"
- 33 splunk_ds: 'ds0-gcp-europe-west1.ikea-splunk-prod.int'
- 34 splunk_lm: 'lm.ikea-splunk-prod.int'
- 35 splunk_default_admin_password: 'changeme'
- 36 splunk_old_admin_password: 'changeme'
- 37 splunk_current_admin_password: 'changeme'
- 38 splunk_cluster_pass4SymmKey: 'someRandomKey'
- splunk_cluster_discovery_pass4SymmKey: 'differentRandomKey'
- 40 ssl:

44

- 41 splunk_cluster_sslPassword: 'IDon'tThinkSo'
- 42 splunk_sslRootCAPathName: "IDon'tThinkSo"
- 43 splunk_serverCertName: "IDon'tThinkSo"

Push and Pull to Git

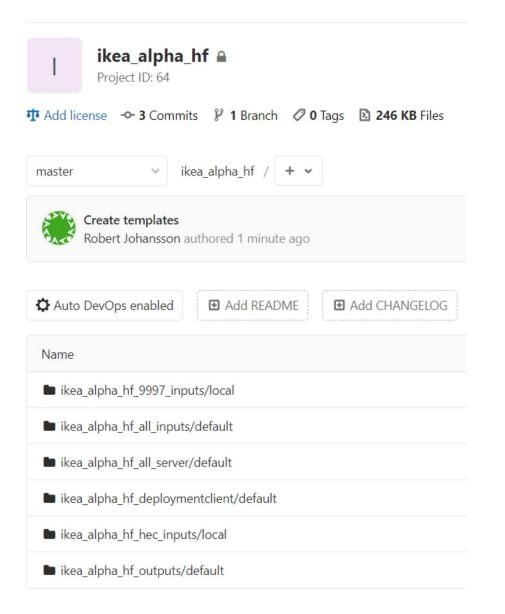
- Use Ansible to create projects in GitLab from templates
- Pull config from project if it already exists
- One place for all the current configs



15	- name: Create Gitlab Project
16	gitlab_project:
17	server url: "{{ git server }}"
18	api_token: "{{ git_token }}"
19	<pre>group: "{{ git_group }}"</pre>
20	<pre>name: "{{ customer_name }}_{{ stage.splunk_ixc_label }}_idx"</pre>
21	state: present
22	validate_certs: no
23	delegate_to: localhost
24	run_once: true
25	register: gitCreate
26	
27	- name: Populate new Git project
28	<pre>import_tasks: create_conf.yml</pre>
29	when: gitCreate.changed
30	
31	- name: "Git: is it up-to-date?"
32	git:
33	<pre>repo: "{{ git_address }}:{{ git_group }}/{{ customer_name }}_{{ stage.splunk_ixc_label }}_idx"</pre>
34	<pre>dest: "{{ git_tmp }}/{{ customer_name }}_{{ stage.splunk_ixc_label }}_idx"</pre>
35	update: yes
36	version: master
37	register: git
38	delegate_to: localhost
39	run_once: true
40	- debug:
41	var: git
42	
43	<pre>- name: "Create {{ customer_name }}_{{ stage.splunk_ixc_label }}_master_base/local directories"</pre>
44	file:
45	<pre>path: "{{ item }}"</pre>
46	owner: splunk
47	group: splunk
48	<pre>mode: u=rwX,g=rX,o-rwx</pre>
49	recurse: yes
50	state: directory
51	<pre>with_items: - "{{ splunk_base }}/etc/apps/{{ customer_name }}_{{ stage.splunk_ixc_label }}_master_base,</pre>
52	
53	- "{{ splunk_base }}/etc/apps/{{ customer_name }}_{{ stage.splunk_ixc_label }}_master_base,

Git Project

- Separate project for each cluster and function
- All Splunk config is in apps, nothing in system/local
- Using Splunk base apps standard









What could possibly go wrong?

- Easy come, easy go
- Corrupt Terraform Statefile
- Terraform Lifecycle doesn't work if code is removed.
- Restarting the cluster all at once





wbernete

HashiCorp Packer Some assembly required.



Bigger, Better, More Derpy

- Autoscaling
- Further Vault Integration
- Single Configuration Source
- Log All The Things to Splunk
- SmartStore for Cold Buckets
- Automagic PubSub
- Consul for Connectivity







